EFP #23027 Update - DBE Survey

Tuesday, January 7, 2025 Habitat PDT + FMAT Meeting Natalie Jennings Luisa Garcia, Farrell Davis, and Ryan Munnelly















- Multibeam survey whole sample area
- Drop camera survey whole sample area
- Image annotation
- Preliminary findings
 - Sand is the most common substrate recorded
 - Particles measured are mostly pebble-sized
 - Epifauna, including hydrozoans, encrusting bryozoan, and barnacles are present but not common
 - Compensation fishing trip summary to-date

- Multibeam survey whole sample area
- Drop camera survey whole sample area
- Image annotation
- Preliminary findings
 - Sand is the most common substrate recorded
 - Particles measured are mostly pebble-sized
 - Epifauna, including hydrozoans, encrusting bryozoan, and barnacles are present but not common
 - Compensation fishing trip summary to-date



Measured bathymetry with shallow and deeper depths represented by warmer and cooler colors, respectively.



Measured backscatter with harder and softer substrates represented by warmer and cooler colors, respectively.

- Multibeam survey whole sample area
- Drop camera survey whole sample area
- Image annotation
- Preliminary findings
 - Sand is the most common substrate recorded
 - Particles measured are mostly pebble-sized
 - Epifauna, including hydrozoans, encrusting bryozoan, and barnacles are present but not common
 - Compensation fishing trip summary to-date



100 drop stations in each survey box



Time-lapse camera array took an image every 5 seconds

- Multibeam survey whole sample area
- Drop camera survey whole sample area
- Image annotation
- Preliminary findings
 - Sand is the most common substrate recorded
 - Particles measured are mostly pebble-sized
 - Epifauna, including hydrozoans, encrusting bryozoan, and barnacles are present but not common
 - Compensation fishing trip summary to-date













- Multibeam survey whole sample area
- Drop camera survey whole sample area

Image annotation

- Preliminary findings (south box only)
 - Sand is the most common substrate recorded
 - Particles measured are mostly pebble-sized
 - Epifauna, including hydrozoans, encrusting bryozoan, and barnacles are present but not common
 - Compensation fishing trip summary to-date

Substrate





Substrate



Substrate

Particle	Size (mm)	Phi Scale	
Granule	2 to < 4	-1 to < -2	
Pebble	4 to <64	-1 to < -6	
Cobble	64 to < 256	-6 to < -8	
Boulder	256 to <4,096	-8 to < -12	

Adapted from Wentworth 1922



Particle category calculated by mean of particles present by station.

Epifauna

2.5% substrate data points included epifauna



Random Point Designation	Data Points	
Sand	4520	
Sand plus small shell hash	3296	
Rock	1662	
Clam shell	108	
Rock with hydroid	<mark>86</mark>	
Rock with barnacles	61	
Mussel shell	53	
Clam shell with hydroid	<mark>29</mark>	
Live mussel with barnacles	15	
Rock with encrusting		
bryozoan	12	
Clam shell with barnacles	11	
Hydroid	<mark>11</mark>	
Mussel shell with hydroid	<mark>10</mark>	
Other shell	6	
Other shell with hydroid	<mark>5</mark>	
Live mussel with hydroid	<mark>4</mark>	
Live mussel with encrusting	_	
bryozoan	3	
Mussel shell with barnacles	2	
Clam shell with encrusting	_	
bryozoan	1	
Live mussel	1	
Mussel shell with encrusting		
bryozoan	1	
Other shell with encrusting	_	
bryozoan	1	
Total	9899	

Compensation Fishing Trips

Data from Covered Trips							Num of Comp Trips Num covere by CFF			
Total Tows	Bottom Contact Time (hrs)		Total Tow Lengths (km)	Total Swept Area (km2)	Average Swe per tow (k	pt Area (m2)		F/V Seafox – 15	4	
399	112	.47	469.92	0.57	0.0014		F/V Tom Slaughter – 29		9	
								44	13	
Species Cau	ught in Dro	edge								
Atlantic surf	clam	Window	vpane flounder	Northern sculp	bin					
Blue mussel	.S	Winter flounder		Sea star			Financ	cials		
Moonsnail		Summer flounder					416 b	oushels surfclams avg landed per trip	\$12,493	
Skate (uncla	ssified)	Monkfish					15% to CFF research set-		\$1,874	
Jonah crab		Barndoor skate						aside		
Rock crab	ock crab American lobster					То	tal trips fished - 44	Total amount to CFF to date-		
Waved whell	ed whelk Sea robin						\$82,400			

- Discussion Points:
 - CFF next steps...
 - Correlate multibeam imagery with still image data
 - Progress report in early February
 - What we know now:
 - High energy environment without organisms requiring recovery
 - End of summer/ early fall survey
 - Sand dunes are the dominant seafloor feature seen
 - What further research is required to adapt policy?